



January 19, 2021

STATE	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	CITATIONS
Alabama	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Alabama's economic nexus rules are limited to sellers who make "retail sales." "Retail sales" exclude wholesale sales.	Ala. Code sec. 40-23-60(5) Ala. Admin. Code r. 810-6-2-90.03(1)
Alaska	N/A	Alaska does not have a state-level sales tax, so this answer is not addressed.	N/A
Arizona	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make non-taxable wholesale sales. Arizona requires remote sellers to register with the state if they meet the economic nexus threshold. A remote seller has economic nexus if in the previous year, or current year, the gross sales generated from direct sales into Arizona is more than the threshold amount. "Gross sales" refers to retail sales in the state. TTR has confirmed via phone call with the state that a vendor who meets the threshold must register even when all sales are wholesale sales.	Ariz. Rev. Stat. sec. 42-5061(V)(4) Ariz. Rev. Stat. sec. 42-5044
Arkansas	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Arkansas's economic nexus rule applies when sellers make taxable sales that exceed the minimum threshold (\$100,000 or 200 transactions per year).	Ark. Code Ann. sec. 26-52-111(A)
California	No	No, these sellers are not required to register. California requires remote sellers to register with the state to collect and pay use tax if the seller ¹is a retailer, and ¹makes sales into California exceeding \$500,000. "Retailer" means every seller who makes any retail sales of tangible personal property. "Retail sale" means a sale for a purpose other than resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal property. The definition of "retail sale" excludes sales for resale, but does not exclude exempt sales. As a result, sellers that only make wholesale sales are not required to register if they make sales into California exceeding \$500,000.	Cal. Revenue & Taxn. Code sec. 6007 Cal. Revenue & Taxn. Code sec. 6015 Cal. Revenue & Taxn. Code sec. 6203(a)(4) Cal. Spec. Notice: L-632 (Dept. of Tax and Fee Admin. Apr. 2019)
Colorado	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Colorado's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "retail sales" during the current or previous calendar year. The state defines "retail sale" to exclude wholesale sales.	Colo. Rev. Stat. sec. 39-26-103(1)(a)Colo. Rev. Stat. sec. 39-26-102(3), (9)
Connecticut	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Connecticut's economic nexus law applies when remote sellers make retail sales that meet the minimum threshold (\$100,000 per year and 200 individual retail sales). "Retail sale" means all sales that are not "wholesale sales" so wholesale sales do not count towards the minimum threshold.	Conn. Gen. Stat. sec. 12-407(a)(3), (a)(12) (G)
Delaware	N/A	Delaware does not have a state-level sales tax, so this answer is not addressed.	N/A
District of Columbia	No	No. The District of Columbia requires remote sellers to collect tax when they make retail sales into the state that exceed \$100,000 or 200 separate transactions in the current or preceding calendar year. The District of Columbia defines "retail sale" to exclude wholesale sales (sales for resale). Since wholesale sales are not retail sales they should not be included when determining the sales thresholds discussed above (\$100,000 or 200 separate transactions).	D.C. Code sec. 47-2002D.C. Tax Notice No. 2019-02 (Off. Of Tax and Revenue Jan. 2, 2019)
Florida	N/A	Florida does not have an economic nexus rule.	N/A
Georgia	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Georgia's economic nexus law applies when remote sellers make retail sales of tangible personal property. The definition of "retail sale" excludes wholesale sales.	Ga. Code Ann. sec. 48-8-59(a)(1)Ga. Code Ann. sec. 48-8-2(8)(M.1), (8)(M.2), (31)Ga. Code Ann. sec. 48-8-30(c.1)
Hawaii	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Hawaii's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross sales" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. There is no exclusion for wholesale sales. Note that Hawaii taxes wholesale sales at a reduced rate.	2017 Haw. Sess. Laws 41 Haw. Tax Info. Release No. 2019-03 (Dept. of Taxn. Dec. 19, 2019)
ldaho	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Idaho's economic nexus rule applies when sellers make sales that exceed the minimum threshold (\$100,000 per year). "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter of tangible personal property for payment, so "sales" include wholesale sales.	Idaho Code sec. 63-3611(3)(H) Idaho Code sec. 63-3612 Idaho Code sec. 63-3621
Illinois	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Official guidance states that sales for resale do not count towards the minimum economic nexus threshold.	35 Ill. Comp. Stat. sec. 120/1("Person"), ("Remote retailer") 35 Ill. Comp. Stat. sec. 120/2(a, b) Ill. Admin. Code tit. 86, pt. 150.803(c)(2) Ill. Admin. Code tit. 86, pt. 150.804(b)(1)(A) Ill. Dept. of Rev. Info. Bulletin No. FY 2021- 02 (Dept. of Revenue Sept. 2020)



STATE	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	CITATIONS
Indiana	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Indiana's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross revenue" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. Indiana has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability.	Ind. Code sec. 6-2.5-2-1(d)  Ind. Revenue Rul. No. 2019-04ST (Dept. of Revenue Nov. 8, 2019)  Remote Seller Information (Ind. Dept. of Revenue last accessed Oct. 8, 2019)
lowa	No	A seller is not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales.	lowa Code sec. 423.14A(3)(a) lowa Admin. Code r. 701-215.10(2)
Kansas	No	Remote sellers would not need to register with the state for making wholesale sales. Kansas's laws state that a seller has nexus if it has "any other contact" that would allow Kansas to require the seller to remit tax under the U.S. Constitution. Kansas has interpreted this to mean that remote sellers have nexus if they make any taxable sale into the state. If the remote seller makes even a single taxable sale, then it must register to collect and pay tax, even if the remote seller mainly makes wholesale sales. Note that the Kansas Attorney General has released an opinion stating that this policy is not supported by law. The opinion has no legal force, but is noteworthy since it says the policy is likely invalid without the support of a statute or regulation.	Kan. Stat. Ann. sec. 79-3702(h)(1)(F) Kan. Notice No. 19-04 (Dept. of Revenue Aug. 1, 2019) Kan. Atty. Gen. Op. No. 2019-8 (Sept. 30, 2019) South Dakota v. Wayfair, Inc., No. 17-494 (2018)
Kentucky	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Kentucky's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross receipts" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. Kentucky has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability.	Ky. Rev. Stat. Ann. sec. 139.340(2)(g)
Louisiana	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Louisiana's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross revenue" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. Louisiana has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability, including wholesale sales.	La. Remote Sellers Info. Bull. No. 20-002 (Dept. of Revenue May 7, 2020) La. Rev. Stat. Ann. RS 47:301(4)(m)(i)
Maine	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Maine's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross revenue" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. Maine has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability.	Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. tit. 36, sec. 1951-B [Repealed by 2019 HB 1064, 1279, eff. Sept. 19, 2019](3)
Maryland	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Maryland requires sellers to register if they meet the minimum threshold (exceeds \$100,000 in sales or makes 200 transactions). This is true regardless of whether the sales are taxable.	Sales & Use Tax Alert: United States Supreme Court Decision South Dakota v. Wayfair and its Implications for Sales Tax Nexus (Md. Comptroller Sept. 14, 2018) pg. 3, example 6
Massachusetts	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Massachusetts' economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 in sales during the prior or current taxable year. "Sales" includes all sales regardless of whether the sale is taxable.	Mass. Gen Laws ch. 64H, sec. 34(a) Mass. Gen Laws ch. 64H, sec. 1("remote retailer"), ("sale")
Michigan	Yes	Remote sellers are likely required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Michigan has published guidance regarding remote sellers that says a seller has nexus with Michigan if it meets the minimum threshold (\$100,000 in sales or 200 transactions). It states that both taxable and non-taxable sales should be used to determine whether the seller has met those minimum thresholds. Michigan has older guidance stating that it does not issue sales tax licenses to wholesalers. This indicates that those who make only exempt or wholesale sales are not required to register. Due to this conflicting guidance we have taken the conservative position that remote sellers must register even if the seller makes only exempt or wholesale sales.	Mich. Revenue Admin. Bull. No. 2018-16 (Dept. of Treas. Aug. 1, 2018)
Minnesota	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Minnesota's economic nexus rules are limited to sellers who make "retail sales." A "retail sale" does not include a sale for resale (i.e., wholesale sale).	Minn. Stat. sec. 297A.61(subd. 4) Minn. Stat. sec. 297A.66(subd. 3)(d)
Mississippi	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Mississippi has published guidance regarding remote sellers that says a seller has nexus with Mississippi if it meets the minimum threshold (\$250,000 in sales). It states that both taxable and non-taxable sales should be used to determine whether the seller has met that minimum thresholds. Mississippi has older guidance stating that wholesalers are not required to register with the state. This indicates that those who make only exempt or wholesale sales are not required to register. Due to this conflicting guidance we have taken the conservative position that remote sellers must register even if the seller makes only exempt or wholesale sales.	Code Miss. R. 35.IV.3.09 Sales and Use Tax Guidance for Online Sellers (Miss. Dept. of Revenue Aug. 6, 2018)



STATE	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	CITATIONS
Missouri	N/A	Missouri does not have an economic nexus rule. Please note that Missouri does not generally require vendors to register when all sales are wholesale sales.	Mo. Business Tax Registration FAQs (Dept. of Revenue last accessed Aug. 30, 2018)#3
Montana	N/A	Montana does not have a state-level sales tax, so this answer is not addressed.	N/A
Nebraska	No	Remote seller's are not required to register if they only make wholesale sales.  Nebraska's economic nexus rules are limited to sellers who make "retail sales." A  "retail sale" does not include wholesale sales (sale for resale).	Neb. Rev. Stat. sec. 77-2701.33 Neb. Rev. Stat. sec. 77-2701.13 Neb. Notice for Remote Sellers and Marketplace Facilitators (Dept. of Revenue Dec. 14, 2020) Remote Seller and Marketplace Facilitator FAQ (Neb. Dept. of Revenue, last accessed Sept. 18, 2019)
Nevada	No	A seller who makes only wholesale sales is not required to register with the state. Nevada's economic nexus rules are limited to sellers who make "retail sales." A "retail sale" does not include a sale for resale.	Remote Sellers - Wayfair Decision (Nev. Dept. of Taxn., last accessed July 27, 2018) Nev. Admin. Code 372.856 Nev. Rev. Stat. sec. 372.050
New Hampshire	N/A	New Hampshire does not have a state-level sales tax, so this answer is not addressed.	N/A
New Jersey	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. New Jersey's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross revenue" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. New Jersey has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability. Note that remote sellers must register when they meet the economic thresholds discussed above, but can request to be placed on a non-reporting basis if they only make wholesale or nontaxable sales.	Sales and Use Tax Information for Remote Sellers, Eff. Nov. 1 2018 (N.J. Div. of Taxa- tion, last accessed, Oct. 7, 2019) 2018 N.J. Laws ch. 132 N.J. Stat. Ann. sec. 54:32B-2(i)(J)
New Mexico	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Remote sellers are required to collect tax if the seller's total taxable gross receipts from the previous calendar year exceed \$100,000. Wholesale sales do not count towards "total taxable gross receipts."	N.M. Stat. sec. 7-9-3.3
New York	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. New York's economic nexus law applies when remote sellers make sales of tangible personal property that exceed the minimum thresholds (\$500,000 per year and 100 separate transactions). A wholesale sale of tangible personal property is a sale of tangible personal property, so it counts towards the threshold calculation.	N.Y. Tax Law secs. 1101(b)(8)(i)(E), (b)(8)(iv)
North Carolina	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make exempt sales. North Carolina's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in gross sales or make 200 or more transactions in the state during the current or previous calendar year. There is no exclusion for wholesale sales.	N.C. Marketplace Facilitators and Marketplace Sellers FAQ (Dept. of Revenue last accessed Feb. 7, 2020) N.C. Tax Directive No. SD-18-6 (Dept. of Revenue Aug. 7, 2018) N.C. Gen. Stat. sec. 105-164.3(33j) N.C. Gen. Stat. sec. 105-164.8(b)(9) Who Should Register for Sales and Use Tax? (NC Dept. of Revenue last accessed Apr. 8, 2020)
North Dakota	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales of tangible personal property. North Dakota's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross sales of tangible personal property" during the current or previous calendar year. North Dakota has not defined "gross sales" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability.	N.D. Cent. Code sec. 57-39.2-02.2 N.D. Income Tax. Newsltr. (Off. of St. Tax Commnr. June 2019)
Ohio	Yes	Yes. Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Ohio requires remote sellers to register if the seller's gross receipts from Ohio sales are greater than \$100,000 or if the seller has at least 200 Ohio transactions in a year. There are no exclusions for wholesale sales.	Ohio Tax Alert: Substantial Nexus and Marketplace Facilitator Changes (Dept. of Tax., July 23, 2019) Ohio Rev. Code Ann. sec. 5741.01(I)(4), (T) Ohio Form No. UT 1000: Out-of-State Sellers and/or Marketplace Facilitator Registration (Dept. of Taxn. Sept. 2019)
Oklahoma	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they make only exempt sales. Oklahoma's economic nexus threshold (\$100,000 during the previous 12 month period) only applies to taxable sales.	Okla. Stat. tit. 68, sec. 1391(8) Okla. Stat. tit. 68, sec. 1392(A) Oklahoma Remote Seller Law (Okla. Tax Commn. last accessed Mar. 23, 2020) Email from Lisa Haws, Tax Policy Analyst, Tax Policy and Research Division, to TTR (Okla. Tax Commn. Oct. 29, 2019)



STATE	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	CITATIONS
Oregon	N/A	Oregon does not have a state-level sales tax, so this answer is not addressed.	N/A
Pennsylvania	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Pennsylvania's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross sales." Pennsylvania has not defined "gross sales" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability. Note that a remote seller's gross sales include their direct sales and sales made through a facilitator that does not collect sales tax on the seller's behalf.	Pa. Stat. Ann. tit. 72, sec. 7213.1 Pa. Remote Sellers (Dept. of Revenue last accessed July 27, 2018) Pa. Sales & Use Tax Bull. No. 2019-01 (Dept. of Revenue Jan. 11, 2019)
Rhode Island	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they make only wholesale sales of tangible personal property, prewritten computer software, and taxable services. Rhode Island's economic nexus threshold (\$100,000 or 200 transactions during the previous calendar year) applies to the gross revenue from sales of tangible personal property, prewritten computer software, and taxable services. Rhode Island has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability.	R.I. Gen. Laws sec. 44-18.2-3(A), (E)
South Carolina	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. South Carolina requires sellers to register if they exceed the minimum threshold (\$100,000 in gross revenue for the current or previous calendar year). This is true regardless of whether the sales are taxable.	S.C. Revenue Rul. No. 18-14 (Dept. of Revenue Sept. 18, 2018)
South Dakota	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. South Dakota's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross revenue" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. South Dakota has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability.	S.D. Codified Laws sec. 10-64-2
Tennessee	No	No, remote sellers do not have to register if they only make wholesale sales. Remote sellers must register to collect sales and use tax if they make sales into the state exceeding \$100,000 during the previous 12 months. The \$100,000 threshold does not include wholesale sales.	Tenn. Sales & Use Tax Important Notice No. 19-04 (Dept. of Revenue June 2019)
Texas	Yes	Texas requires remote sellers to register with the state if the seller only makes wholesale sales. Retailers have to register to collect and pay sales and use tax if their total Texas revenue is \$500,000 or more from sales of tangible personal property and services in the prior 12 calendar months. "Total Texas revenue" includes the gross revenue from taxable, nontaxable, and exempt sales of tangible personal property and services for storage, use, or other consumption. It also includes separately stated handling, transportation, installation, and other similar fees collected by the seller in connection with the sales.	Tex. Admin. Code tit. 34, 3.286 Tex. Priv. Ltr. No. 201910002L (Comptroller of Pub. Accounts Oct. 1, 2019) Tex. Tax Policy News (Comptroller of Pub. Accounts Jan. 2019)
Utah	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Utah's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross revenue" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. Utah has not defined "gross revenue" but "gross" typically indicates "all" sales without regard to taxability.	Utah Code Ann. sec. 59-12-107(2)(c)
Vermont	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Vermont's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in sales or 200 or more transactions during the prior 12-month period. This is true regardless of whether the sales are taxable.	Vt. Stat. Ann. tit. 32, sec. 9712 Vt. Formal Rul. No. 2019-01 (Dept. of Taxes Jan. 25, 2019) Vt. Stat. Ann. tit. 32, sec. 9783(a)(3), (d)(3)
Virginia	No	No, these sellers are not required to register. Virginia requires remote sellers or marketplace facilitators to register with the state to collect and pay sales and use tax if the seller or facilitator makes ¹more than \$100,000 in gross retail sales, or ²makes 200 or more separate transactions in the state in the current or previous year. "Retail sale" means a sale for a purpose other than resale. Wholesale sales are a type of resale sale. As a result, sellers or facilitators that only make wholesale sales are not required to register if they make sales into Virginia exceeding \$100,000 or 200 transactions.	Va. Code Ann. sec. 58.1-602 Va. Code Ann. sec. 58.1-612(C)(10), (C)(11) Va. Code Ann. sec. 58.1-612.1(C)(3)
Washington	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Washington's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers making wholesales have gross income that exceeds the minimum threshold of \$100,000 per year. Gross income includes income from wholesale sales.	Wash. Rev. Code sec. 82.04.080 Wash. Rev. Code sec. 82.04.067 Wash. News Release - New law updates Washington state tax requirements for out-of-state businesses (Dept. of Revenue Mar. 18, 2019)



STATE	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	CITATIONS
West Virginia	No	West Virginia Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they make only wholesale sales.	W. Va. Admin. Notice No. 2018-18 (St. Tax. Dept. Oct. 1, 2018) W. Va. Remote Sellers and West Virginia Sales and Use Tax (St. Tax. Dept. last accessed Dec. 13, 2019) W. Va. Marketplace Facilitators and West Virginia Sales and Use Tax (St. Tax. Dept. last accessed Jan. 2, 2020)
Wisconsin	No	Remote sellers are not required to register with the state if they only make nontaxable sales. Note, however, that nontaxable sales do count toward the \$100,000 economic nexus threshold if the seller also makes taxable sales.	Wis. Remote Sellers - Wayfair Decision (Dept. of Revenue Oct. 16, 2020) Wis. Common Questions: Remote Sellers (Dept. of Revenue Oct. 16, 2020) Wis. Tax Bull. No. 204 (Dept. of Revenue Jan. 2019)
Wyoming	Yes	Remote sellers are required to register with the state if they only make wholesale sales. Wyoming's economic nexus rule applies when remote sellers have \$100,000 or more in "gross revenue" or make 200 or more transactions during the current or previous calendar year. Guidance from the Department of Revenue says that wholesale sales count towards gross revenue.	Wyo. Stat. Ann. sec. 39-15-501(a) Wyo. Tax Bulletin: Remote Sellers (Dept. of Revenue Nov. 9, 2018)



